Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya (Autonomous), Latur

Department of Sociology



Syllabus of B.A.F.Y.
Semester I and II
(CBCS Pattern)

Academic Year 2022-23

W.E.F. June 2022

Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya (Autonomous), Latur Department of Sociology

Scheme of Marks and Credit for Semester I and II

Semester I

Course Code	Name of the Paper	Maximum Marks		Total	
		External	End Semester	Marks	Credit
U-SOC-125	Basic Concepts in Sociology	30	45	75	3
U-SOC-126	Indian Social Structure	30	45	75	3
	Total			150	6

Semester II

Course Code	Name of the Paper	Maximum Marks		Total	
		External	End Semester	Marks	Credit
U-SOC-225	Basic Concepts in Sociology	30	45	75	3
U-SOC-226	Indian Social Structure	30	45	75	3
	Total			150	6
	Total (Semester I + II)			300	12

Semester – I

Course Title – Bridge Course

Learning Objective:

- 1. The Paper, designed for the Bridge course, aims to make Students understand Sociological Perspective about various concepts we find in society.
- 2. At the same time, it aims to make students familiar with the sociological discourse and sociology in globalized world.

Course outcomes:

- 1. Students will become more familiar with the various concepts, which can be found in human society in the sociological manner.
- 2. They become able to analyze sociological concept as a sociology student.
- 3. Student have got understanding about significance of sociology in globalized world

Unit – I: Introduction to sociology

- a) Definition, Nature of Sociology
- b) Subject matter and significance of Sociology

Unit – II: Basic Concepts

- a) Society- meaning and characteristics
- b) Social Structure Meaning and elements

Unit - III: Sociology in globalized world

- a) Sociology and globalization
- b) Scope of Sociology in globalized world

References

- 1. Sociology: An Introduction edited by Neil J Smelser
- 2. Basic concepts in Sociology by Max Weber
- 3. SamajshastrakeMultatv(Basic Elements of Sociology) by Dr. Sanjav Mahajan
- 4. SamajshastratilMulbhutSankalpana by Dr, SarjeraoSalunkhe
- 5. SamajshastratilMulbhutSankalpana(Basic Elements of Sociology) by Dr. Ram Vagh and Dr. VedprakashMalvade
- 6. Sociology: Basic Concepts by H. K. Rawat

Rajarashi Shahu Mahavidyalaya (Autonomous), Latur B.A. F. Y. – Sem.-I

Basic Concepts in Sociology - I

Max. Marks: 75 Credits: 03

Learning Objective:

- 3. The Paper Basic Concept in Sociology aims to make Students Understand Sociological Perspective about various concepts we found in society.
- 4. At the same time, it is useful for students for being familiar with sociological discourse.

Course outcomes:

- 4. Students became more familiar with the various concepts, which can be found in human society in the sociological manner.
- 5. They become able to analyze sociological concept as a sociologist

Unit – I: Introduction to sociology

- a) Definition, origin and Development
- b) Nature of Sociology
- c) Subject matter of Sociology
- d) Significance of Sociology

Unit – II: Basic Concepts

- a) Society- meaning and characteristics
- b) Social Structure Meaning and elements
- c) Social System

Unit – III: Social groups

- a) Meaning and characteristics
- b) Types of social group
- c) Significance of social group

Unit – IV: Culture and Society

- a) Meaning and characteristics
- b) types of culture, cultural lag
- c) Significance of culture.

Essential Reading-

1. Sociology :An Introduction Edited by Neil J smelser

2. Basic concepts in sociology Max Weber.

3. SamajshastrakeMultatv (Basic Elements of Sociology) Dr. Sanjav Mahajan

4. SamajshastratilMulbhutsankalkpana Dr. Sarjeraosalunkhe.

Additional Reading-

1.Samaj ShastratilMulbhutSankalpana (Basic Elements of Sociology) Dr. Ram Vagh, Dr. VedprakashMalvade

2. Sociology : Basic Concepts H.K.Rawat

3. Sociology: A Study of the Social Sphere Yogesh Attal

4..AmchiSanskruti; Iravati Karve

Course Title - Indian Social Structure II

Course Code – U-SOC-126

Max. Marks: 75 Credits: 03

Learning Objective:

1. The Paper Indian Social Structure aims to Provide Structural and Systematic Understanding of Human Society to the Students with the sociological manner.

Course outcomes:

- 1. Students have got sociological understanding of an Indian Society
- 2. It gives them social sense and consciousness, which should be in every one as a part of society with the study of this paper.

Unit – I: Social Structure

- a) Meaning and characteristics
- a) Characteristics of Social Structure
- b) Elements of Social Structure
- (i) Status
- (ii) Role
- (iii)Social Norms
- (iv) Values

Unit - II: Tribal Community in India

- a) Meaning and characteristics
- b) Problems in Tribal community
- c) Solutions for problems in tribal community Tribal welfare programmes

Unit – III: Rural Community

- a) Meaning and characteristics
- b) Problems in rural community
- c) Solutions for problems in rural community

Unit – IV: Urban Community

- a) Meaning and characteristics
- b) Problems in urban community
- c) Solutions for problems in urban community

References-

- 1. Society in India
 - J.K. Kachroo, Vijay Kachroo
- 2. Cast & Race in India
 - Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
- 3. G.S. Ghurye The scheduled Tribes
- 4. Social Problems in India
 - Ram Ahuja
- 5. Indian Social Structure
 - M.N. Srinivas
- 6. Bhartiy Samaj: Structure Aani Parivartan
 - Dr. Shrikant Gayakvad and Prof. Manohar Totre

Semester – II

Course Title – Basic Concepts of Sociology

Course Code – U-SOC-225

Max. Marks: 75 Credits: 03

Learning Objective:

- 1. The Paper Basic Concept in Sociology aims to make Students Understand Sociological Perspective about various concepts we found in society.
- 2. At the same time, it is useful for students for being familiar with sociological discourse

Course outcomes:

- 1. Students became more familiar with the various concepts, which can be found in human society in the sociological manner.
- 2. They become able to analyze sociological concept as a sociology student.

Unit - I: Social Stratification

- a) Meaning and nature
- b) Dimensions of Social Stratification
- c) Types of Social Stratification

Unit – II: Socialization

- a) Meaning and nature of Socialization
- b) Types of Socialization
- c) Agencies of Socialization

Unit – III: Social Control

- a) Meaning and nature of Social Control
- b) Types of Social Control
- c) Agencies of Social control

Unit – IV: Social Change

- a) Meaning and nature
- b) Direction of Social Change
- c) Factors responsible for social change

References-

- 1. Sociology: An Introduction edited by Neil J Smelser
- 2. Basic concepts in Sociology by Max Weber
- 3. SamajshastrakeMultatv(Basic Elements of Sociology) by Dr. Sanjav Mahajan
- 4. SamajshastratilMulbhutSankalpana by Dr, SarjeraoSalunkhe
- 5. SamajshastratilMulbhutSankalpana(Basic Elements of Sociology) by Dr. Ram Vagh and Dr. VedprakashMalvade
- 6. Sociology: Basic Concepts by H. K. Rawat
- 7. Sociology: A Study of the Social Sphere by Yogesh Attal
- 8. AmachiSanskruti by Iravati Karve

Course Title - Indian Social Structure

Course Code – U-SOC-226

Max. Marks: 75 Credits: 03

Learning Objective:

- 1. To help students understand the ground reality of the caste and untouchability in India.
- 2. To help them understand how the religion impacts the society and how they are related
- 3. To help them understand about national integrity and how much can a society be impacted through it.

Course outcomes:

1. To create students who are sensitive and understanding about social issues and are ready to face these social issues

Unit – I: Caste System

- a) Meaning and characteristics
- b) Factors responsible for the development of caste system
- c) Merits and Demerits of caste system
- d) Changing nature of caste system
- e) Social Untouchability

Unit – II: Family Institution

- a) Definition and Meaning
- b) Characteristics of Family Institution
- c) Types of Family
- d) Changing Nature of Families

Unit-III: Religion and Society

- a) Meaning and definition
- b) Nature of Religion
- c) Impact of religion on society
- d) Secularism

Unit-IV: National Integration and Society

- a) Meaning and elements
- b) Significance of national integration
- c) Problems involved in the process of national integration
- d) Solutions for problems in national integration

References-

- 1. Society in India by J.K. Kachroo and Vijay Kachroo
- 2. Caste and Race in India by Dr. B.R.Ambedkar
- 3. The Scheduled Tribes by G.S. Ghurye
- 4. Social Problems in India by Ram Ahuja
- 5. Indian Social Structure by M.N. Srinivas
- 6. Bhartiya Samaj: Structure aani Parivartan by Dr. Shrikant Gayakvad and Prof. Manohar Totre